# Towards a database of isogeny graphs

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# The isogeny graphs $\Gamma_1(\ell; p)$

• An elliptic curve E over a finite field  $\mathbb{F}_q$  has equation  $E: y^2 = x^3 + Ax + B$ . The j-invariant

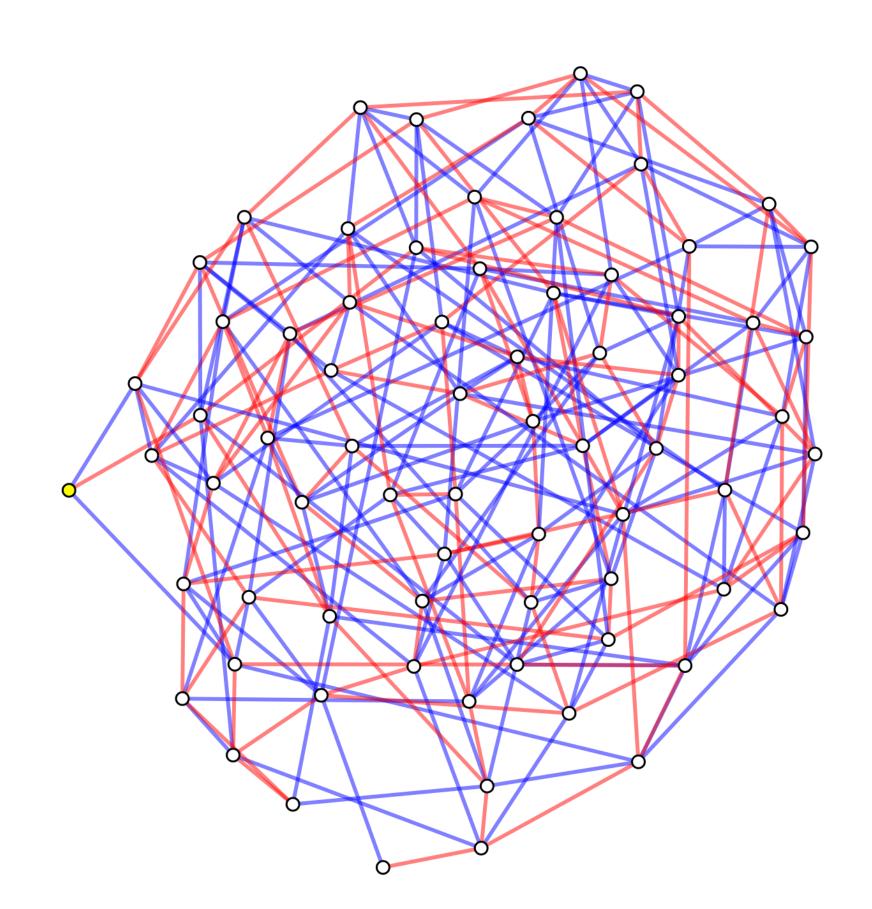
$$j(E) = 1728 \frac{4A^3}{4A^3 + 27B^2}$$

gives the isomorphism class of the curve. The curve is **supersingular** if its **endomorphism** ring is an order in a **quaternion algebra**.

• An **isogeny** of degree  $\ell$  is a finite morphism of elliptic curves

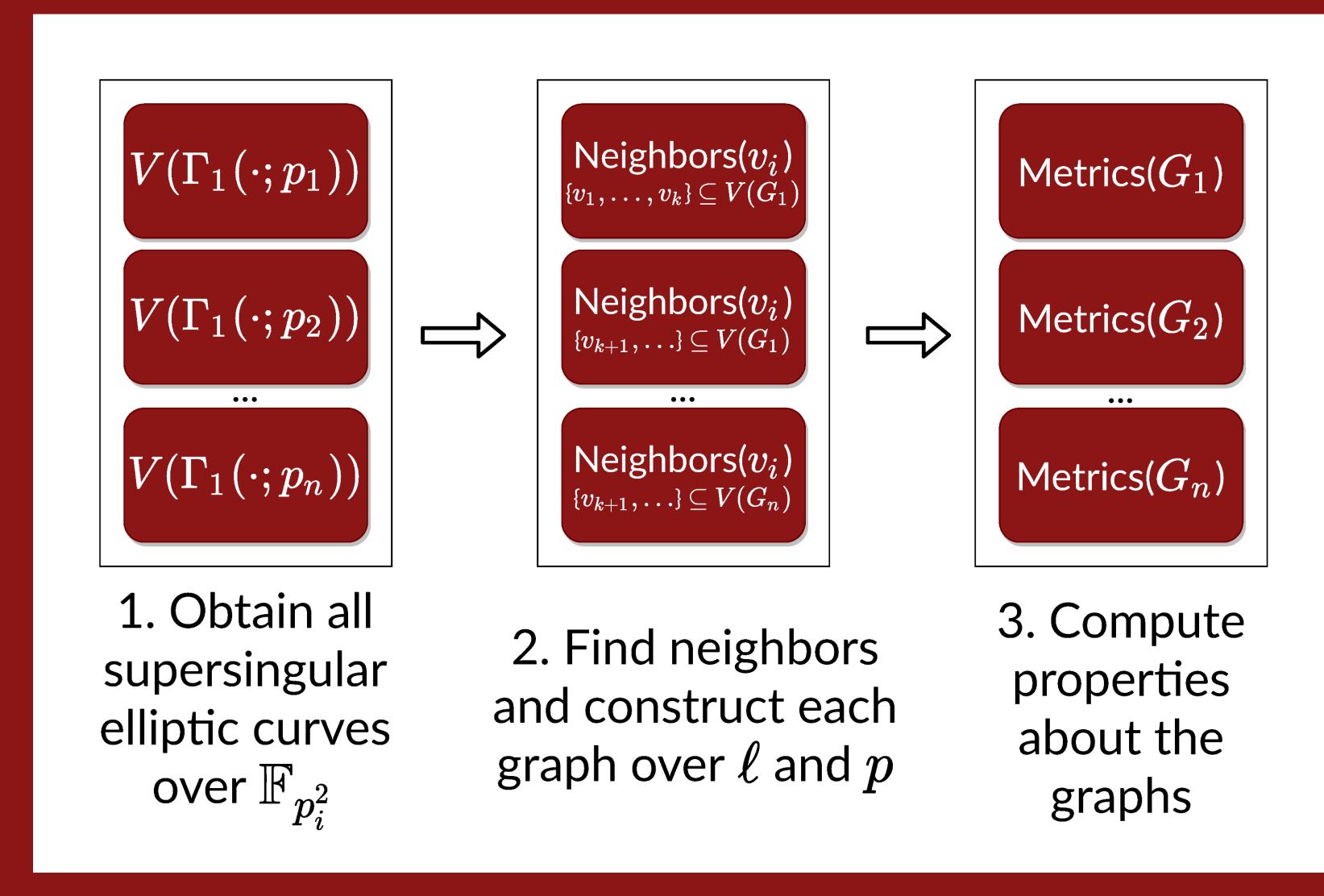
$$\varphi \colon E \to E'$$
 such that  $|\ker \varphi| = \ell$ .

• The supersingular isogeny graph  $\Gamma_1(\ell; p)$  is the graph of supersingular j-invariants over  $\overline{\mathbb{F}}_p$  and degree- $\ell$  isogenies between them. It is an  $(\ell+1)$ -regular Ramanujan graph.



 $\Gamma_1(2; 863)$  and  $\Gamma_1(3; 863)$  superimposed.

We are building an open library of supersingular isogeny graphs of elliptic curves using serverless computing



Each step is computed in parallel

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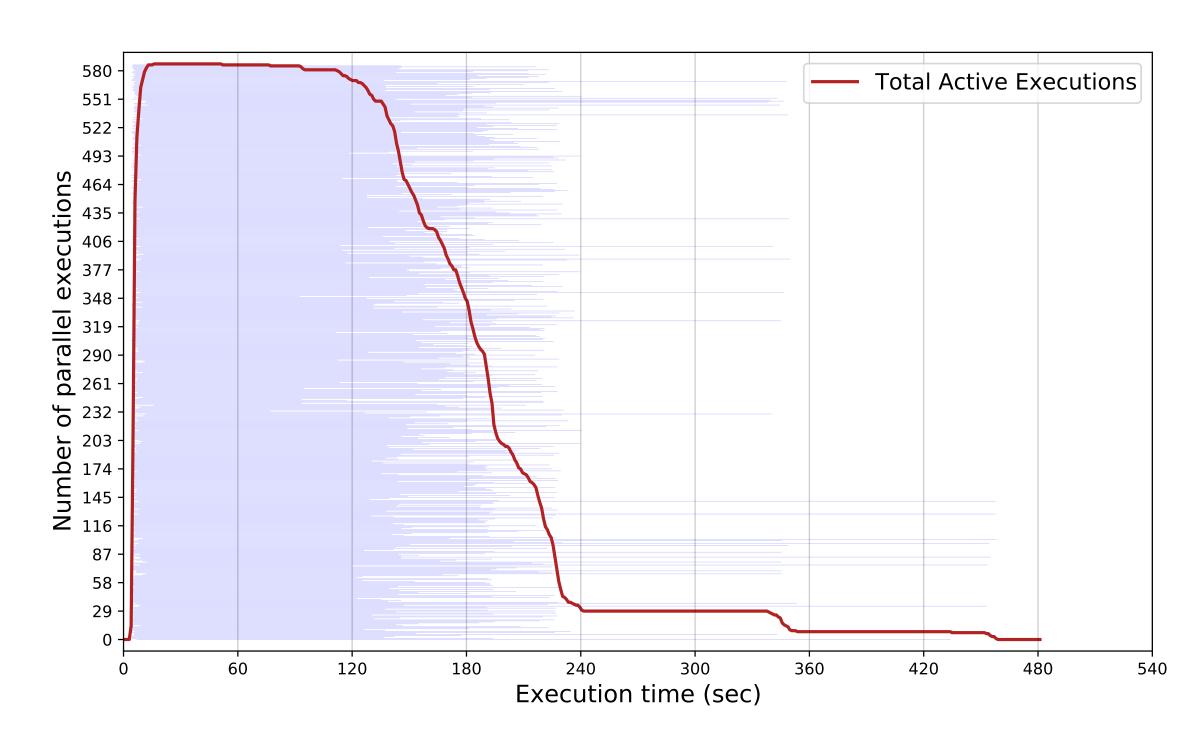
Visit the website: isogenies.enricflorit.com

## Computing isogenies

For each prime  $\ell$ , the  $\ell$ th modular polynomial  $\Phi_{\ell}(X,Y) \in \mathbb{Z}[X,Y]$  satisfies  $\Phi_{\ell}(j(E),j(E'))=0 \iff$  there is a degree- $\ell$  isogeny from E to E'. The roots of  $\Phi_{\ell}(j,Y)$  are the **neighbors** of j.

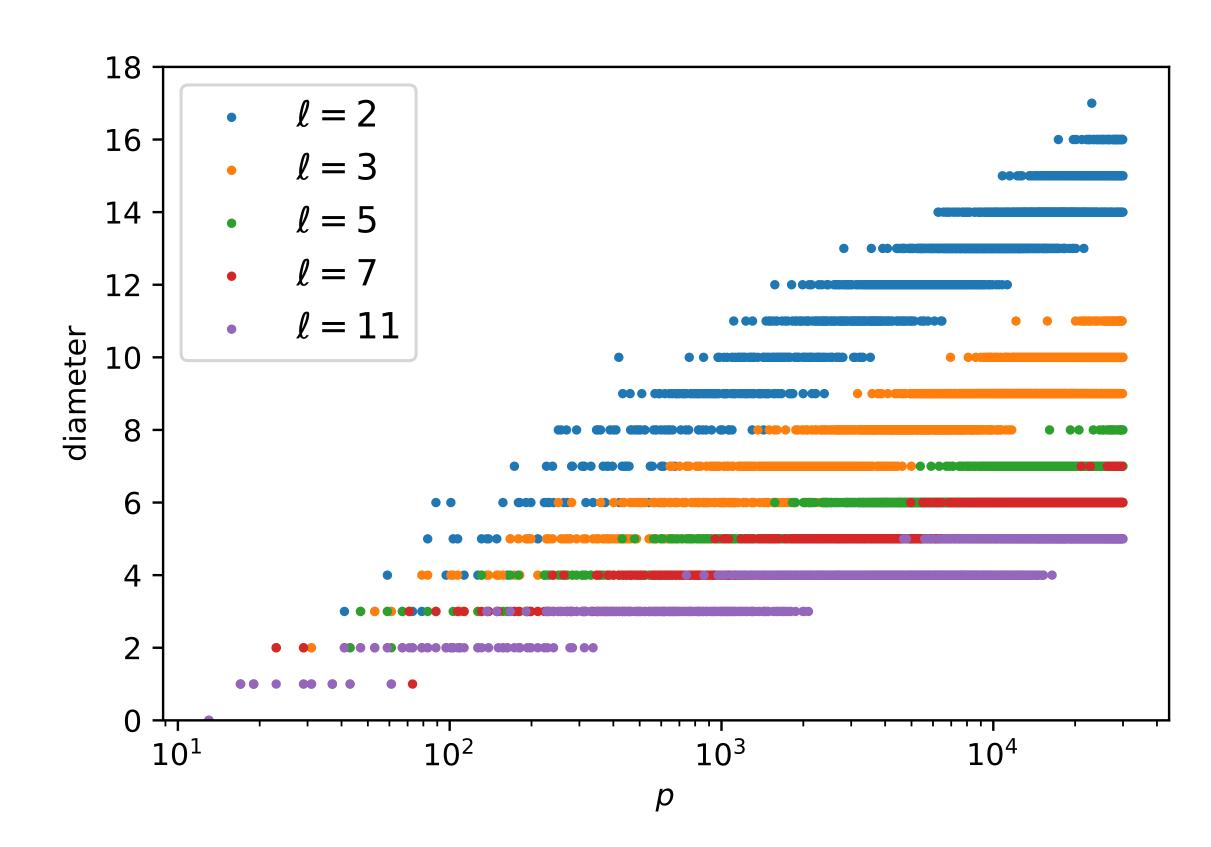
#### Serverless computing with Lithops

Using lithops we can run hundreds of parallel distributed threads to compute graphs.



Histogram of the computation of  $\Gamma_1(11; 4010173)$ , overall time of 458 seconds.

### **Graph diameters**



The diameter of  $\Gamma_1(\ell; p)$  grows as  $\log p$ , as predicted by the Ramanujan property.

#### Main references

- [1] S. Arpin et al., "Adventures in Supersingularland", arXiv preprint arXiv:1909.07779 2019.
- [2] J. Sampe et al., "Towards Multicloud Access Transparency in Serverless Computing", *IEEE Software* **2020**, DOI 10.1109/MS.2020.3029994.